

## The Local Play Indicators

## Appendix 3

The performance indicators for play provision are defined in the table below.

### Local Play Indicators

| Indicator 1 | Participation  | Method of generation                                   |
|-------------|--|--|
| Description | The percentage of all children and young people aged birth to 16 (i.e. from all social and ethnic groups, including those who are disabled), who play out for at least four hours each week  | Household survey                                       |
| Indicator 2 | Access to a variety of facilities and spaces   | Method of generation                                   |
| Description | The percentage of children and young people aged birth to 16 that have access to at least three different types (type A, type B, type C) of space or facility, at least one of which is a dedicated place for play and informal recreation, which are all within easy walking or cycling distance as defined below | Open space and play strategy audits<br><br>GIS mapping |
| Indicator 3 | Quality of facilities and spaces   | Method of generation                                   |
| Description | The proportion of facilities and spaces that have been assessed using the Quality Assessment tool and where improvement plans are being implemented as a result of unsatisfactory assessments  | Quality Assessment tool                                |
| Indicator 4 | Satisfaction   | Method of generation                                   |
| Description | The percentage of all children and young people (i.e. from all social and ethnic groups, including those who are disabled), who think that the range and quality of play facilities and spaces they are able to access in their local neighbourhood is good/very good.   | School Survey  |

In the near future detailed guidance will be available from Play England on data collection and analysis methods for these play indicators.